

PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

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PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

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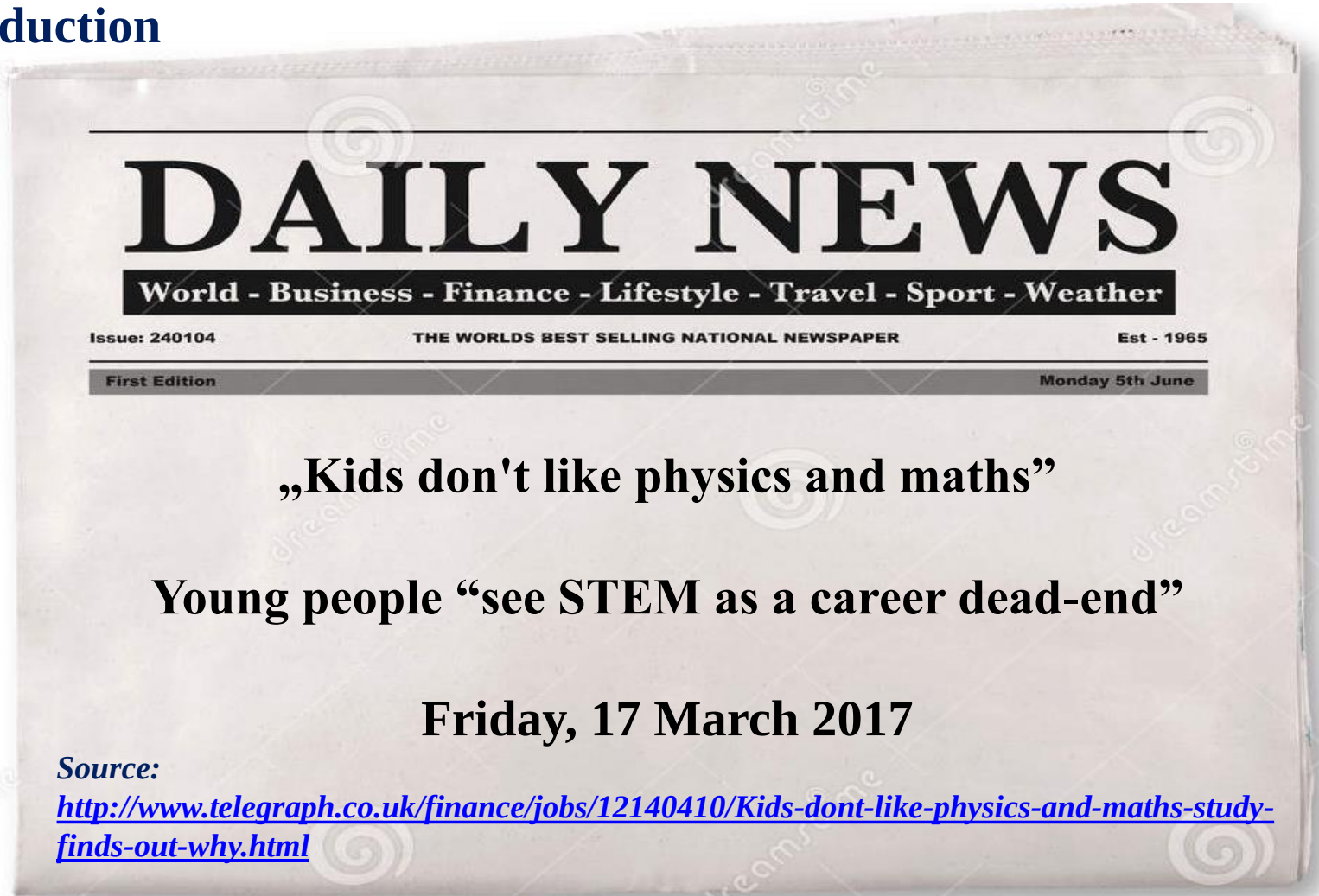
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PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

1. Introduction





PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

1. Introduction

- the popularity of "physics" has decreased worldwide

(OECD, 2000, 2001, 2005)



- the **traditional physics** classes **are not** good enough for **attracting the students'** focus to the lectures



Newton's cradle

- students have at least one of the digital devices (tablet, smart phone), but do not use them for study





PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

1. Introduction

Action plan

- we should act immediately to change students' attitude *(Richard, 2016)*
- **physics** classes should be made more

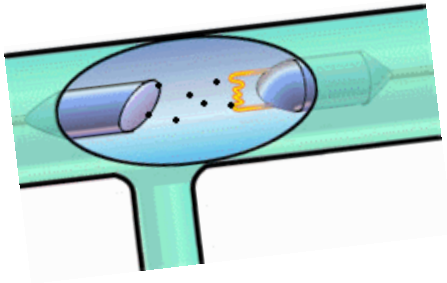
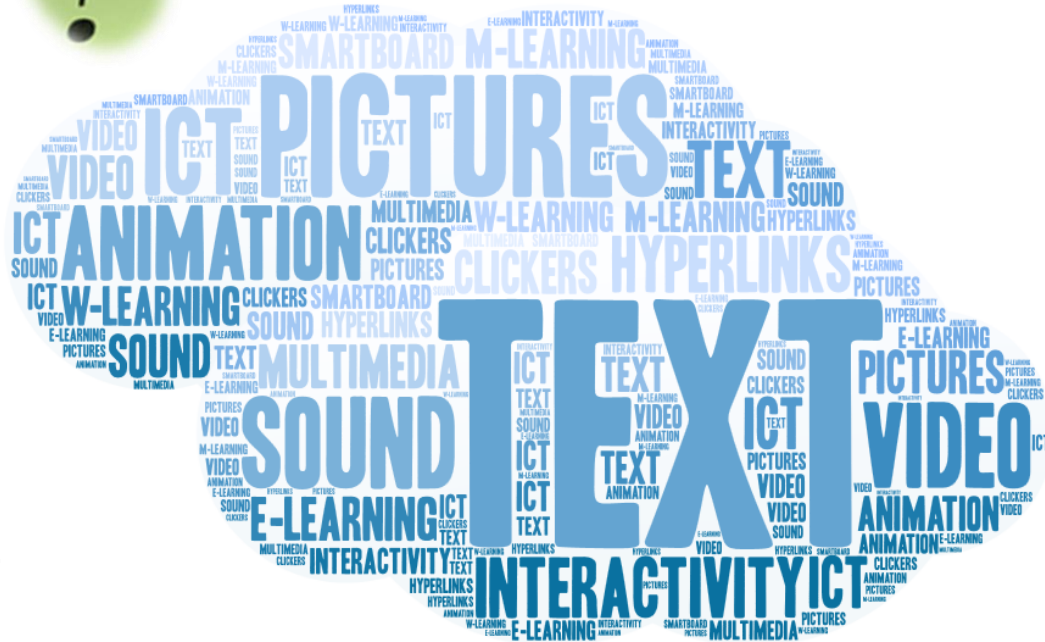




PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

2. Questions

What can we do



- we should use: **m-learning devices (BYOD)**, multimedia and its applications, video files and simulation programs (*Jarosievitz, 2016, 2017*)



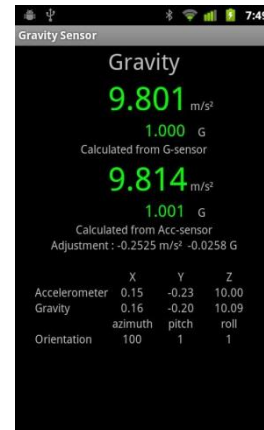
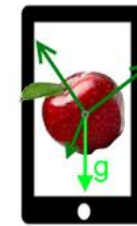
PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

2. Questions

What can we do



Sir Isaac's Apple



Source: <http://isaacsapple.littlebytesofpi.com/>

- use other interactive teaching activities and resources



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

3. Hypothesis

- ☐ interactive activities, resources will improve students' core competencies,
- ☐ colourful classes rise up the lectures attendances,
- ☐ using mobile devices make the physics education more effective,
- ☐ students will become more motivated.



Made by: <https://tagul.com/cloud/2>



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

4. Participants

Students of:

- ❖ BSc in Computer (IT) Engineering
- ❖ BA in Business Administration and Management

from
Dennis Gabor College,
whose study includes
courses like: **Physics**

In the **first year** of BSc studies **all students study the same modules.**

Credits: 5 (first year, II. semester)

Written exam

Full training education (FT)

L (lecture): 30 hours, S (seminar): 15 hours

Distance training education (DT): L (lecture): 6 hours, S (seminar): 3 hours

Course description: Mechanics; Thermodynamics; Optics; Nuclear Physics



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5. Methods

Lecture Method

- used for example for describing the structure of atoms
(the concept of **A** and **Z**)

Cooperative method (Jigsaw)

- used for group-work activity, assessment based on gamification
- collaborative learning

Inquiry-based learning



Flipped classroom

(Jarosievitz, 2017)



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

5. Methods

Traditional Model



Original Bloom's Taxonomy (1956)

adapted from Anderson & Krathwohl (2001)

Traditional Model



21st Century Bloom's Taxonomy

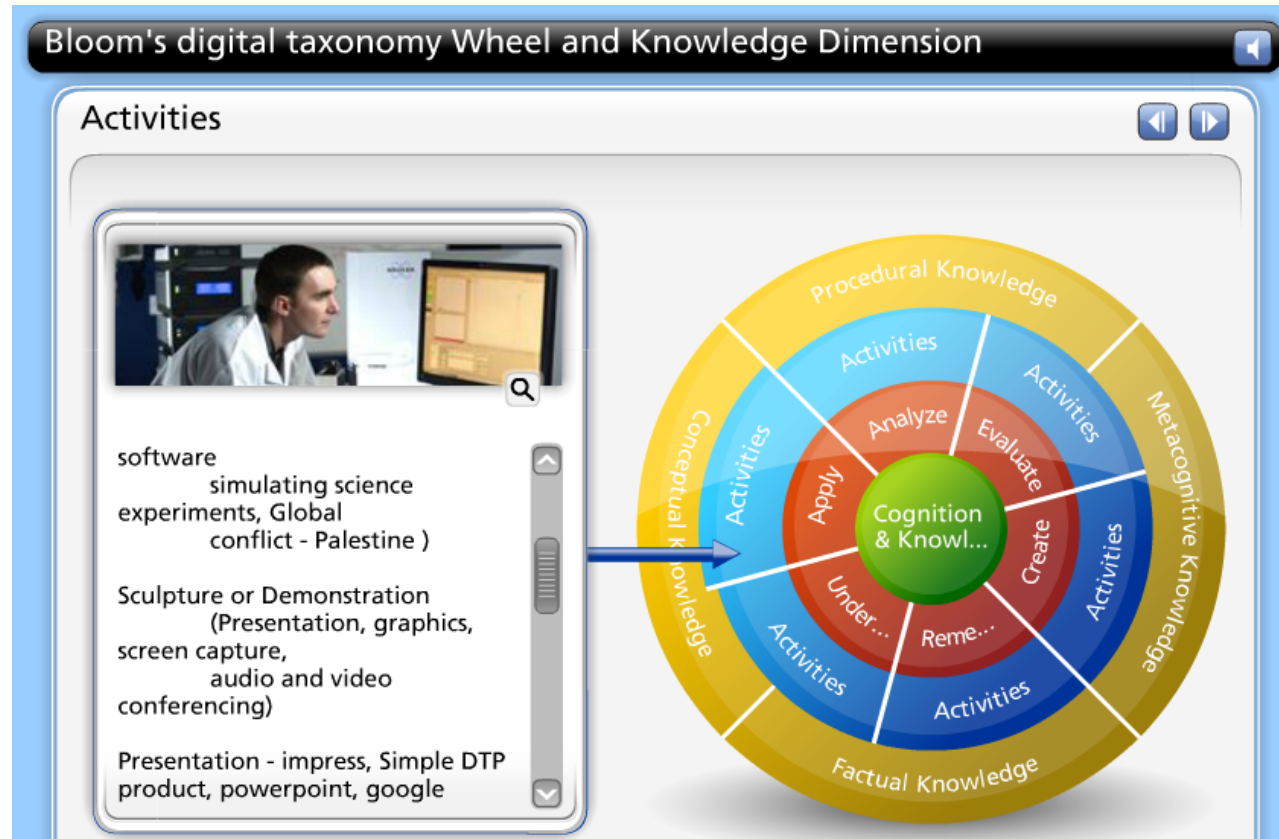
[Source:](#)



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

5. Methods

Bloom's digital Taxonomy wheel and knowledge dimension



Source: <http://eductechalogy.org/swfapp/blooms/wheel/engage.swf>



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

5. Methods

- Bloom's Taxonomy is easy to integrate to a digital learning environment
- 21st century learning skills: 4 C's

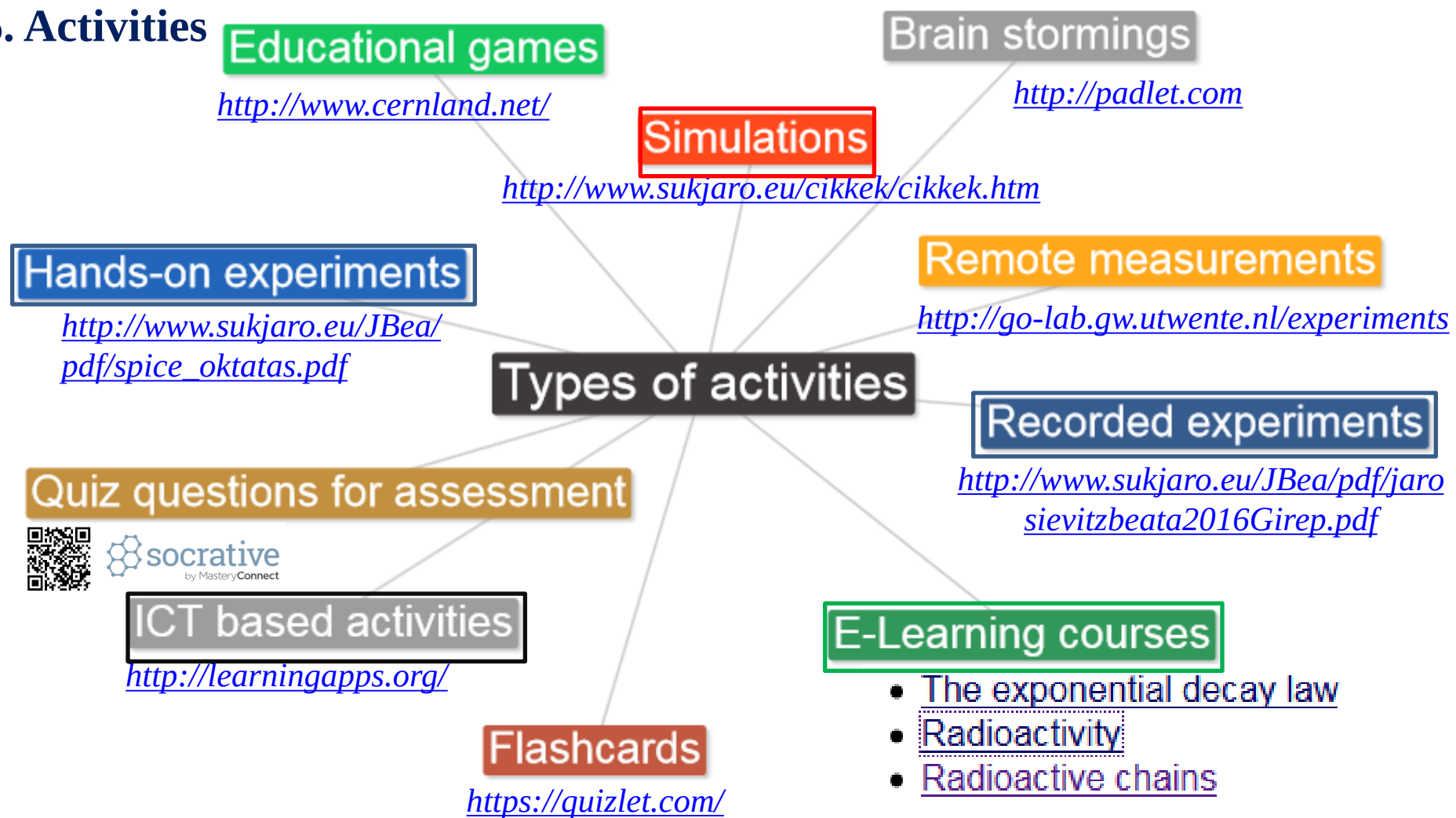
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6. Activities

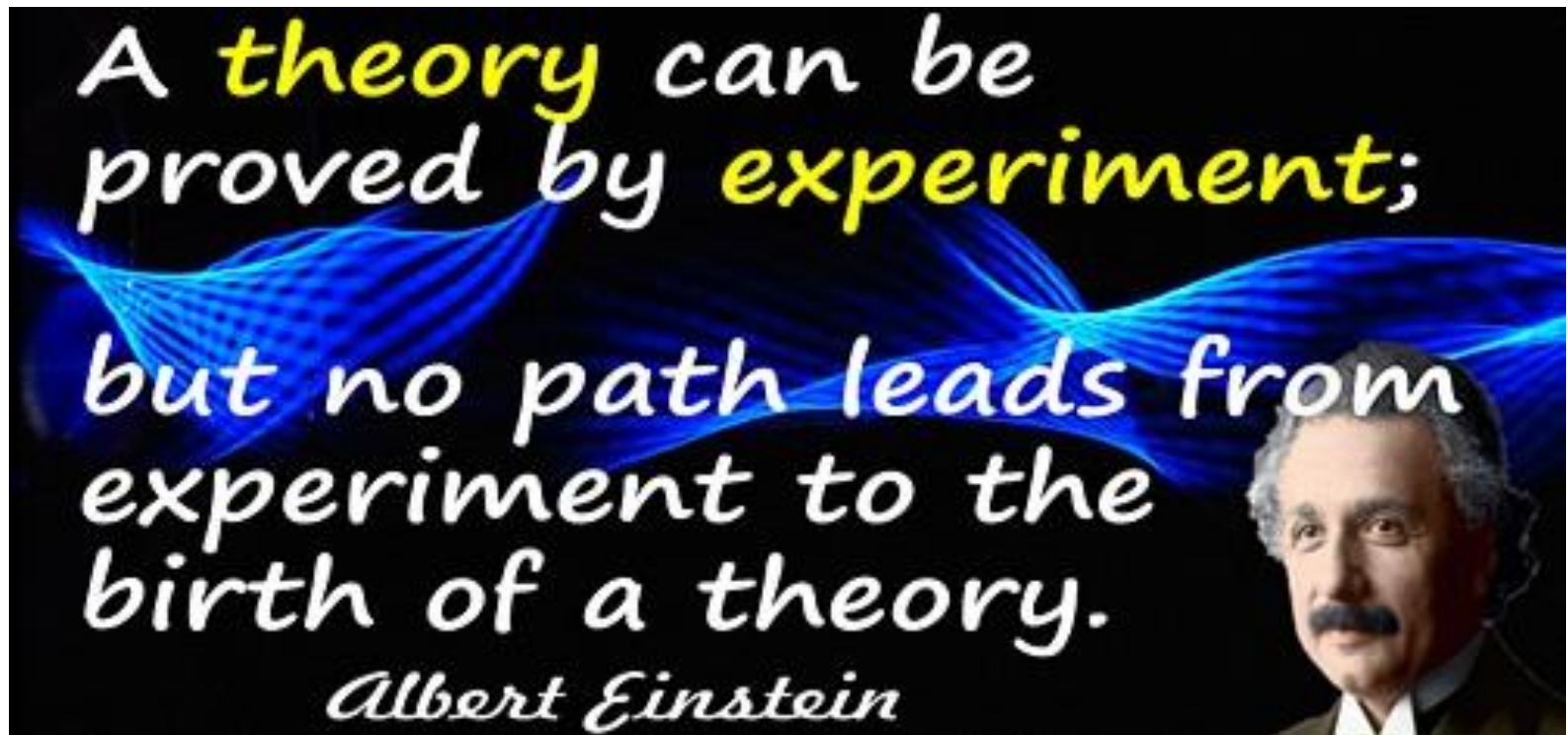




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6. Activities

Hands-on experiments



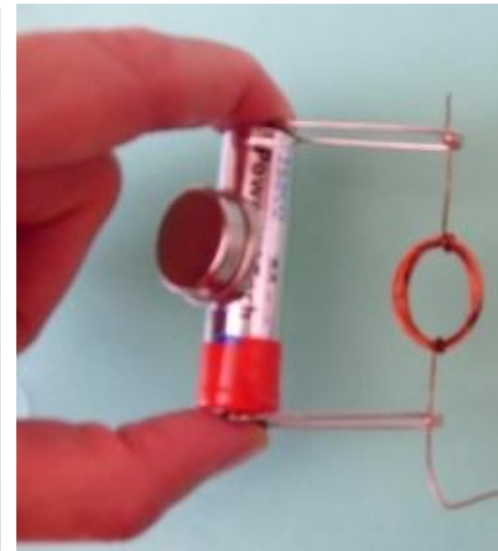
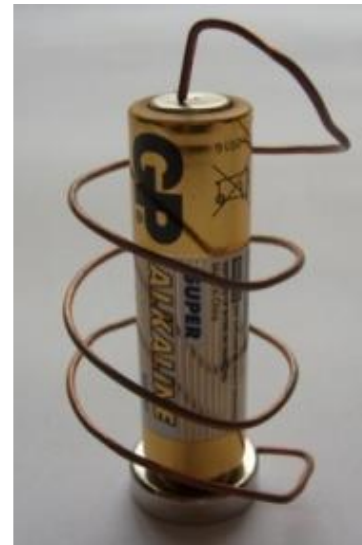
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6. Activities

Hands-on experiments



Newton's law

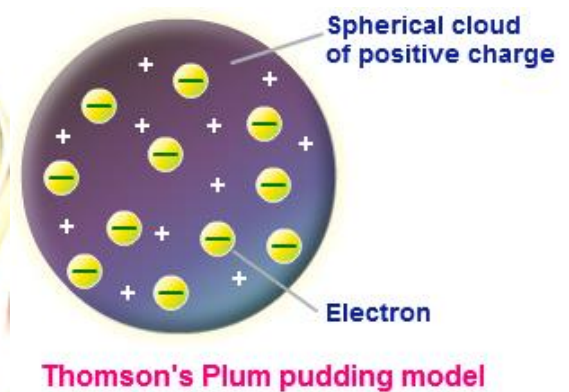
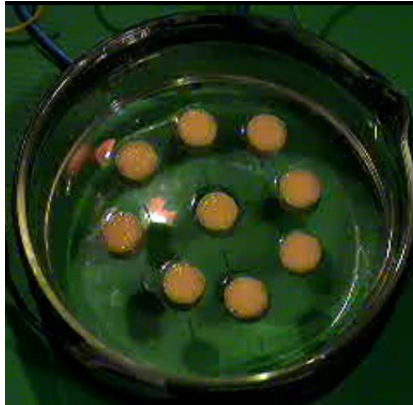
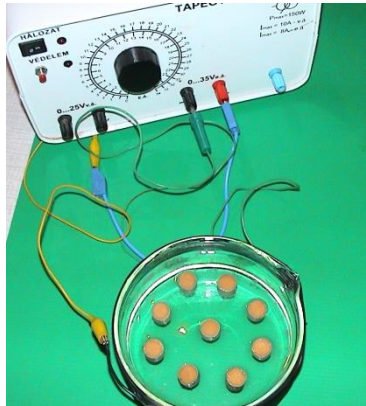
Electric motors



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6. Activities

Recorded experiments



Chain reaction



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6. Activities

Recorded experiments

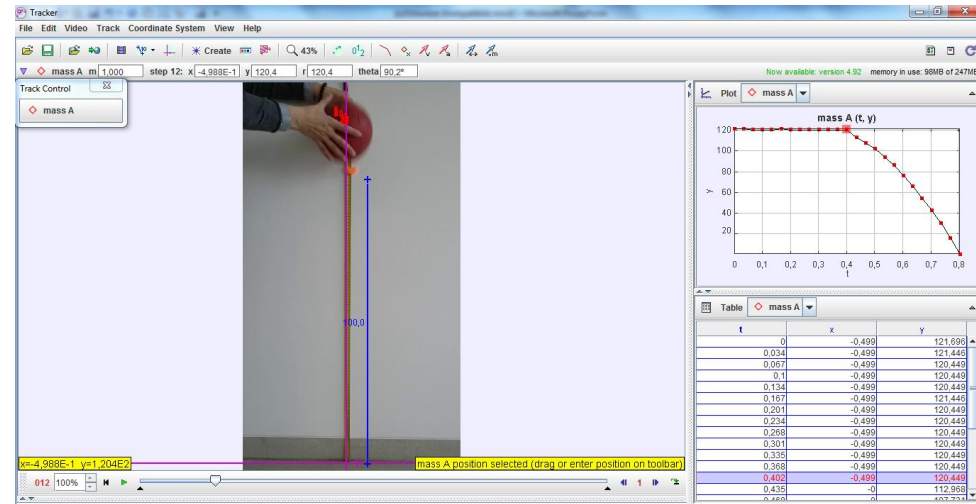
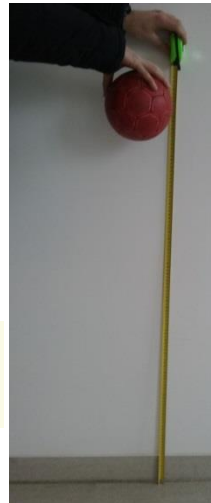
Measurements (BYOD)

Necessary materials :

- Handball (any large, highly visible balls)
- ruler
- smart phone or tablet
- laptop
- free program



(<http://physlets.org/tracker>)



Source: <http://moodle.scientix.eu/course/view.php?id=179> Author: Carlos Cunha



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6. Activities

Recorded experiments

$$y = a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x + c$$

Processing of the measurement results:

$$a = \frac{g}{2} \rightarrow g = 2 \cdot a$$

$$y = \frac{g}{2} \cdot t^2 + v_0 \cdot t + y_0$$

Felvett videófájl neve	a	g (m/s ²)	$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_n}{n}$	$(\Delta x)^2$	δx
20160311_123159.mp3	4,630	9,260	9,33	0,07466619	1%
20160311_123217.mp3	4,620	9,240			
20160311_123235.mp4	4,720	9,440			
20160311_123253.mp4	4,670	9,340			
20160311_123316.mp4	4,691	9,382			
Átlag		9,33			

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_n}{n} \quad (\Delta x)^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x - \bar{x})^2 \quad \delta x = \left(\frac{\Delta x}{\bar{x}} \right) \cdot 100$$



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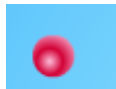
6. Activities

Simulations



Simulated chain reaction ([See more](#))

Nucleus



Fission fragments



Neutrons





PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

E-Learning courses



Resources - online courses

http://www.sukjaro.eu/cikkek/exp_engl/home/index.htm

- [The exponential decay law](#)
- [Radioactivity](#)
- [Radioactive chains](#)

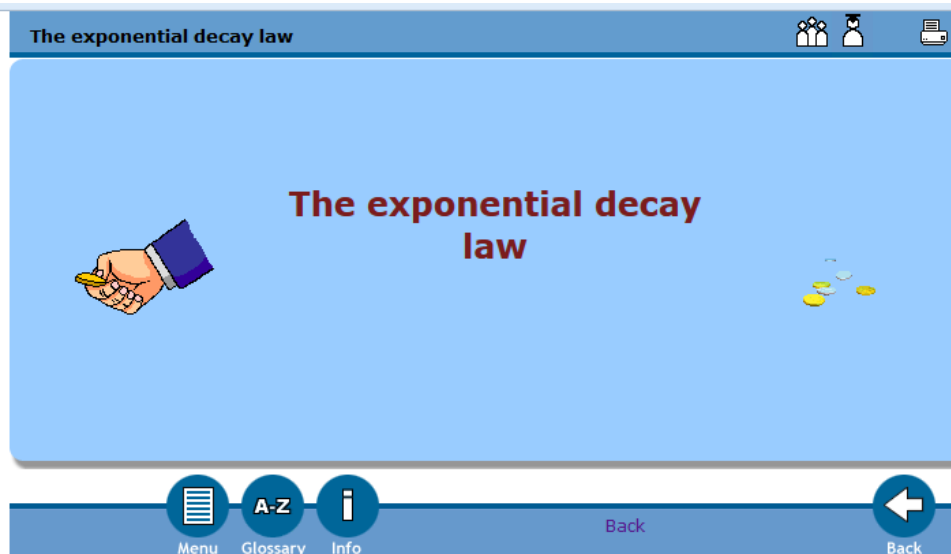


Learning
FÓRUM
MINŐSÉGI DÍJ | 2016

Aim:

to teach some of the fundamental properties of the radioactivity:

- the random behaviour,
- the exponential decay law,
- notions of half-life,
- decay constant and activity.





PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

ICT based activities

LearningApps.org

Search in Apps | Browse Apps | Create App | Login

Coulomb law 2016-12-04

Compito

Watch the video. In some moments, the video will stop and you will be asked some questions. At the end of the video you can re-read the questions by clicking on the numbers below the image

OK

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

0:00/4:17



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

ICT based activities

Physical quantity and units in the International System of Units

LearningApps.org

Search in Apps | Browse Apps | Create App | Login

Physical quantity and units in the International System of Units 2016-12-21

Physical quantity and units in the International System of Units

Pressure, Electric charge, Energy, Work, Luminous intensity, Density, 1 Kelvin, Weight, 1 watt, 1 joule, Heat capacity, Tension, 1 cubic metre, 1 candela, Time, Speed, 1 coulomb, Frequency, 1 kilogram per cubic metre, Area, 1 Pascal, 1 metre square, 1 hertz, 1 Ampere, 1 J/K, Volume, 1 joule, Specific heat capacity, 1 newton, Power, newton, 1 m/s, Mass, Electric current, 1 J/Kg K, Electric potential, Acceleration, 1 volt, 1 kilogram



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

ICT based activities



Newton had shown that if you shine light into a prism it breaks it apart into its different . William Herschel found out that each color has a different and that the temperature is the one measured with the on the side of the red light. He discovered rays. If we put electromagnetic radiation on a , we can go from low to high frequencies and at the same time from high to low . As we increase we also increase the amount of that the waves have. So which one would you rather be exposed to? The ones with high , really really low and low . High energy waves can cells or even cause damage to the themselves.



ICT based activities

[illegible]



PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

Quiz questions for assessment



Quiz name: **Teszt4_aprilis19**

Date: **04/26/2016**

Question with Most Correct Answers: **#4**

Total Questions: **10**

Question with Fewest Correct Answers: **#6**

1. Egyik autó kötéllel vontatja a másikat. Óvatos indulással a vontatott jármű akármilyen sebességre gyorsítható. Hirtelen indulásnál a kötélmégis elszakad. Miért? (A súrlódástól tekintsünk el.)
- 3/19** ☐ A A vontatott kocsi csak kis gyorsulással indulhat, mert viszonylag nagy a tömege.
 - 5/19** ☒ B Adott impulzusváltozást rövidebb idő alatt csak nagyobb erő képes létrehozni.
 - 7/19** ☐ C A vontatott autó adott sebességváltozásához hosszabb idő kell.
 - 2/19** ☐ D A kötélmegszakítószilárdsága függ a vontatás sebességétől.



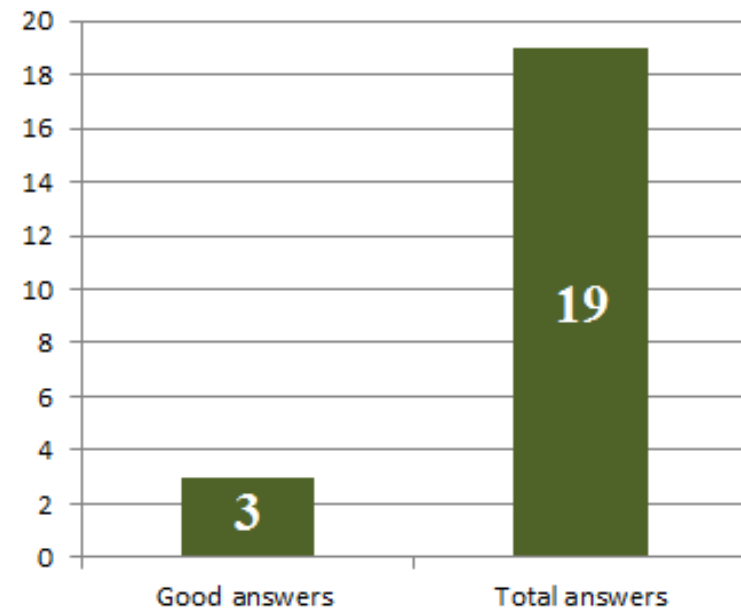
PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

6. Activities

Quiz questions for assessment

Which statement is true for a perfectly inelastic collision?

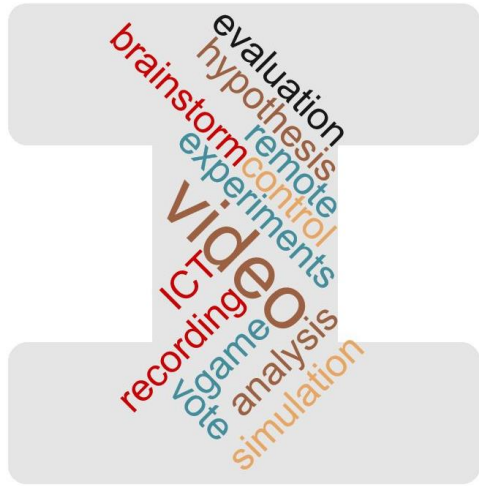
- a) only the momentum is conserved**
- b) only the energy is conserved
- c) both the momentum and the energy are conserved
- d) none of the momentum and the energy is conserved





PHYSICS TEACHING ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

7. Summary/ Conclusions



CT

Source

Information and communication Technology

and interactive activities improved students' core competencies

- researching,
- questioning,
- critical thinking,
- problem solving,
- decision making
- computational competencies.



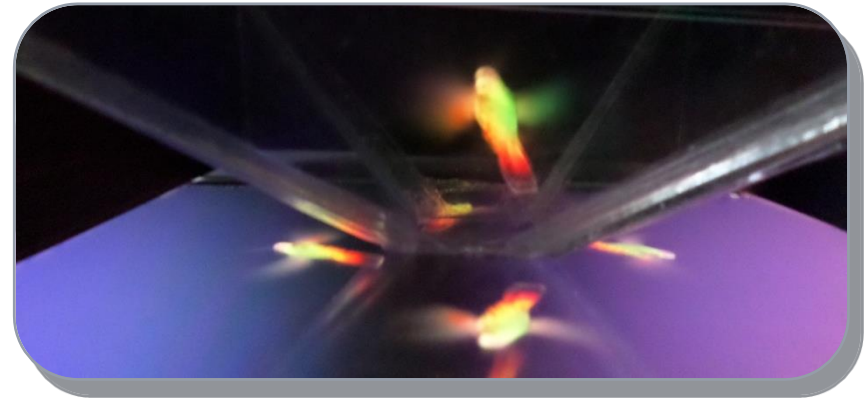
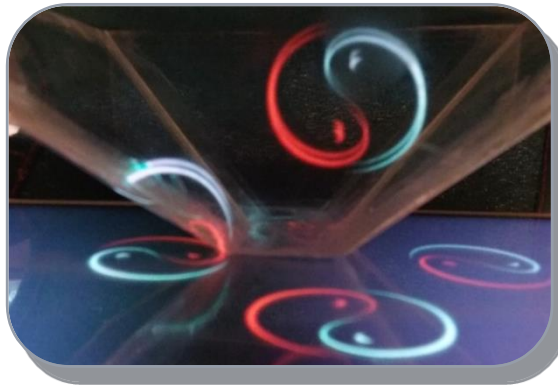
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DENNIS GABOR

Nobel prize winner for holography: 1971

Turn your Android device to a 3D Projector ! It is not a Hologram !



Thank you for your attention!



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References

